TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

The French Trade Strikes Assuming Serious Proportions.

Msrch of Troops to La Creuzot and Suspicion of Foreign Influence.

French Diplomacy Towards the Holy See.

First Fruits of the Fifteenth Amendment-Negroes Voting in Delaware.

FRANCE.

Trade "Strike" Disturbances. PARIS, April 2, 1870. The strike among the iron operatives at La Creu-

Ysterday the strikers became riotous, and made ever effort to provoke a collision with the troops with had been stationed there to preserve order. Therloters attacked them and pelted them with stores, and only the forbearance of the officers pre-

Selli in Riot.

PARIS, April 2-1 P. M. se disorders at La Creuzot had not been quelled At oon te-day.

Still More Alarming. PARIS, April 2-7 P. M. the disorders at La Creuzot are increasing, and

aditional troops have been sent there. Suspicious of the Neighbors

PARIS, April 2—7:30 P. M.
he city journals this evening publish telegrams
from La Creuzot affirming that the troubles there as kept alive by contributions of money from other Iplomacy Toward Rome-Plan of a Catholic

Lay Union.

PARIS, April 2, 1870.

La Liberté announces to-day that M. Daru has bandoned his idea of sending a special ambassador Rome. The Marquis of Banneville, French Minis er to that city, who is at present in Paris, will erefore return to his post immediately. The cason for this is found in the failure of M. Daru, in its recent negotiations at Vienna, Madrid and Florence for a plan looking to concerted action.

Mexican Remembrances PARIS, April 2, 1370. The son of President Juarez, of Mexico, is exected here soon.

SPAIN.

Mope for Cuba and the Coloules Generally. LONDON, April 2, 1870. Telegrams just to hand from Madrid announce that Señor Moret, who has just been appointed Colonial Minister of Spain, being a radical in politics, favors a complete system of reform in the gov-

Señor Moret declared to the Cortes to-day that the question of liberty in the Antilles was a very important one. He said he would examine into the conon of Cuba and report to the Cortes.

A Prominent Individual "Hauled Up."

LONDON, April 2, 1870.

I have advices by telegraph from Ireland which lege that Mr. Phillips, otherwise Forbes, whose name has been so well known and so intimately clated in Madrid with the subject of the proposed purchase of the island of Cuba by the United States, was arrested by the police at Queenstown

He is charged with an alleged embezziement from the Treasury Department in New York. He has been remanded to prison for eight days.

MADRID, April 2, 1870. There is a very angry feeling manifested here in regard to the new Conscription bill. Trouble is made to-morrow by the opponents of the measure

No "Hats" in Summer Weather.

PARIS, April 2, 1870.

According to the Memorial Diplomatique his Holiness the Pope defers the promotions to the cardinalate until September. The Jesnit Theory of Infallibility. ROME, April 2, 1870.

The Civilla Cattolica, organ of the Jesuits, to-day

publishes a long article, in view of the approaching

discussion on the proposition for Papal infallibility, tending to show that the Pope has no particular need of unanimity in the Council, but that a simple ma-jority is sufficient to establish the dogma.

ENGLAND. The Emigrant Wave Flow.

LONDON, April 2, 1870. The London Spectator thinks colonial indepen dence would divert the tide of emigration now running so strongly from Great Britain to the United States, in favor of the British territory.

A Hard Word.

LONDON, April 2, 1810.

The Spectator laments "the utter artidity of the debates in Parliament lately."

LONDON, April 2, 1870. An unusual number of promotions have recently

been made in the navy. To effect this many senior officers were transferred to the retired list.

The "Word" As It Is. LONDON, April 2, 1870.

The Rev. Dr. Pusey publishes a communication in the Record to-day, arguing against a revision of the recognized version of the Bible.

GERMANY.

American Securities on the Frankfort Blarket. FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN, April 2, 1870.

Mortgage bonds to the extent of \$5,000,000 of the Oregon and California Rauroad have been negotiated.

The bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad bare not been introduced on the market.

EUROPEAN MARKETS

London Money Market.—London, April 2—1 P.
M.—Consols closed at 9355 for hoth money and the
account. United States five-twenty bonds, 1862,
9136; 1865, old, 9036; 1867, 8936; ten-forties, 8736.
Eric Railway shares, 21; flinnois Centrals, 114%; Atlantic and Great Western, 28.
Paris Bourse.—Paris, April 2.—The Bourse
closed duil. Rentes, 757, 57c.
Frankfort Bourse.—Frankfort, April 2.—
United States five-twenty bonds closed dat at 65%.
Liverpool. Cotton market closed stady. Middling uplands, 1036d.; middling Oricans, 1136d. The
sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including
3,000 for export and speculation.

sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including 8,000 for export and speculation.

HAVES COTTON MARKET.—HAVES, April 2.—Cotton closed quiet and steady.

London Produce Market.—London, April 2.—Calcutta linseed quiet and steady. Refined petroleum dull. Linseed oil. £32 5s. per toa Turpentum is firmer at 30s. a 31s. per cwt. Tallow closed firmer at 442. 6d. a 44s. 9d. per cwt. at 442. 6d. a 448. 9d. per cwt.

Liverpool. Provisions Market.—Liverpool,
April 2.—Lard flat. Pork firm at 638. 6d. per bbi, for Sastern prime mess.
PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANYWERF, April 2.—PetroCUBA.

Puello's Movements-Insurgent Raiders-The

Renegate Arango on Quesada, HAVANA, April 2, 1870. General Puello has arrive at Havana, leaving Brigadier General Suances as his successor.

A small party of soldiers who were carelessly for aging on the line of the Nuevitas Railroad were re-

cently attacked and killed by the insurgents. General Arango has issued a manifesto to the cans. He states that the recent manifesto of General Quesada was a complete faischood, and refers to the Cubans now in the field to corroborate his state-

DELAWARE.

First Fruits of the Fifteenth Amendment Negroes Voting in Wilmington.
Wilmington, April 2, 1870.

At a school election held in this city to-day most of the colored citizens availed themselves of their right under the fifteenth amendment and voted. right under the fifteenth amendment and volcd. The polls opened at one o'clock, and in the Seventh ward the first four votes were deposited by colored citizens. In the Sixth ward several also promptly presented themselves and were accepted. The election officers in both wards were republicans. In the Fourth ward the election officer was a democrat, but he made no objection to receiving the votes of the colored men. A considerable vote of the colored voters was polled. The republicans of this city claim the first election where the colored men have enjoyed their new right under the amendment.

VIRGINIA.

Parker, Luther Hill Timothy Davis, Robert Johnson, Elijah H. Chisholm, D. Lane, Thomas Earle, A. Military Force Called For to Drive Mayor Ellyson from the City Hall-The Question to be Taken to the Supreme Court.
RICHMOND, April 2, 1870.

The day has passed quietly, with the police of both Mayors on the streets.

To-night the United States Marshal served a wrR

on Ellyson to give up possession of the City Hall and other property. Ellyson refused, and the Marshai then applied to the military for aid. The Marshai went after the military, but at nine o'clock had not oppeared, and Ellyson remained in possession, and will continue to act as Mayor. The matter is to be taken before the Supreme Court.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Another Earthquake in San Francisco-Inteuse Excitement Among the People-Houses Vacated Instanter-The Occupants Seek Safety in the Streets.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2, 1870. The steamer Fidelita arrived here to-day from Santa Barbara, bringing the remaining passengers, all the baggage and treasure, from the wreck of the steamer Golden State. The steamer Saranao had visited the scene of disaster.

Atten minutes before twelve A. M. to-day a sharp, wicked shock of earthquake occurred here. Its duwicked shock of earthquake occurred here. Its duration was six seconds—the direction from southeast to northwest, and the motion vertical. There was no damage to life, limb or property, but there was intense excitement for a few moments. All animals were terribly frightened, and several runaways resulted from the fright. The City Hall, where the courts were in session: the Merchants' Exchange, the Mercantile Library, the Custom House and other large buildings were, instantly vacated, and a panic was created at the notels. The streets warmed with people in a moment. It was raising at the time. Prior to the shock the barometer was observed to fail very rapidly.

rapidly.

From San Diego the latest mining news is very encouraging and creates a belief in the permanency of the discoveries.

Reliable information has been received in this city of the formation of a company in London to carry out the proposed steam service between this city and Australia.

The sating of the tree of the company in the proposed steam service between this city and Australia. and Australia.

The sating of the steamer Constitution for Panama has been postpoued until Monday.

General Stoneman arrived here last night.

MISSOUR!

Extensive Forgeries on a St. Louis Firm-Eastern Parties Victimized.

ST. LOUIS, ADRII 2, 1870. Some party East has been selling forged drafts purporting to be drawn by Saml. A. Gaylord & Co., of this city. One draft drawn on thr Centeal National Bank of New York for \$2,500 was sent by the York county (Pa.) National Bank to the Bank of Commerce o New York for collection, but was not paid, the fraud new fork for collection, but was not paid, the fraud being discovered. Another, drawn on the Continental National Bank of New York for \$2,500 was sent to the National Bank of Athol, Mass. for collection, and nayment was refused. The latter draft was paid to a shoe manufacturing house in Athol for shoes, but wasther the money was obtained on the first mentioned draft is not known. There is no cine to the lorger, but he is supposed to be the same man who recently had printed at Baltimore a quantity of who recently had printed at Battimore a quantity of fraudulent blank drafts and checks on Bartholow, Lewis & Co., of this city. It is not unlikely other forget checks are in circulation.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Strike of Coal Miners-Stoppage of Collieries

in the Schuylkill Region. PHILADELPHIA, April 2, 1879.

The strike of the miners of the Schuyikili region has at length begun. The couleries have been stopping, one after another, since Thursday evening last. By this evening, the time specified for a general suspension, the strike will be universal, at least so far as the Schujtkili collieries are concerned. No suspensions have yet occurred in the Scranton region, though it is expected that some of the meu will stop to-morrow if the Mahanoy and Tamaqua men go out.

LOUISIANA

Decleusion of Mayor Oglesby-Dispute Over the City Stock of the Jackson Railroad.

NEW ORLEANS, ACTO 2 1870. J. H. Ogiesby having declined the Mayoralty, the Governor has appointed ex-Governor Sanders Mayor

Governor Warmoth will receive bids until tweive o'clock on the 9th list. for the purchase of State o'clock on the 9th inst. for the purchase of State stock in the New Orleans. Jackson, and Great Northwestern Railroad, at which time the stock will be awarded to the highest cash bidder.

D. B. McCarty has been appointed City Administrator of Assessment, vica Souic, declined.

The old City Council, at its last regular meeting, last night, carried through an ordinance directing the City Treasurer to sell the city stock in the New orleans and Jackson Railroad, thus disregarding the injunctions of the courts.

The New Orleans Ruces.

The spring meeting of the Metairie Club commenced to-day. The weather was fine and the attendance large. The first race, a dash of two miles, for \$600, \$150 to the second horse, was won by Coquette in 3:33½, beating Marietts, King Ton. Colonel Roberts, Matt Griffin, Victory and Betty Bay in the order named.

The second race was for the National Half Eagle Stakes, 100 half eagles added, 25 half eagles to the second horse, mile heats. The following was the summary:

GENERAL THOMAS.

Meeting of General Thomas' Old Staff-Read lutions of Respect for the Memory of Their Old Commander.

BOSTON, April 2, 1870. A number of officers who served on the staff of the rate Major General George H. Thomas held a meeting at the Parker House in this city this afternoon for the purpose of tak-ing action in regard to his death. General Cogswell, of Salem presided, and Major Fox was chosen secretary. Remarks were made by

Fox was chosen secretary. Remarks were made by Colonel Fisher. Captain Michaels, General A. B. Underwood and General Lawrence.

The following was offered and adopted as the sentiments of the meeting:—

Whereas the sad intelligence of the sudden death of our old commander reached us at a time when we had fondly hoped that many years of an honored and peaceful life were before him, we who formerly served in the campaigns which have placed his name second to none on the roil of military heroes and patriots desire publicly to express our sorrow for his less, our great admiration of his military genus, our profound reverence for his unfinching devotion to duty, and our undying regard for the purity and integrity of his private bite. We wish also to express at this time our sympathy for his family and minegrity of his rounders in arms of the Army of the Cumberland and the Foundeenth corps, with whom we share the great sorrow that afflicts us all.

Resolved. That a committee, consisting of General Corps.

corps, with whom we share the great sorrow that all.

Resolved, That a committee, consisting of General Cogawell, of Salems; Colonel Flaher, Major Fox, and Captains Michaels. Proctor and Van Reed, attand the funeral of General Thomas.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing be forwarded by the committee to the widow of the deceased.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Prominent Arrivals in This City Yesterday. Colonel J. E. Hartt, of Rhode Island; Colonel J. Y. Smith, of Pittsburg; Dr. W. P. Lansom, of New York; Colonel H. H. Libby, of California, A. H. Dow, of the United States Army; Judge L. E. Thomas, of Min-nesota; J. Russell and James A. Locke, of Boaton, and Howard Paul, of England, are at the Metropoli-

J. H. Ramsay, of Albany; Dr. Amos Woodward, of Ohio; P. Gardner, of Kalamazoo, and R. D. Rice, of Boston, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Van Horne, of Kentucky, are at the Astor House. Professor Charles Cassells, of Syracuse, and Colonel J. H. Murray, of Connecticut, are at the St.

Charles Hotel. Morris Lock, of San Francisco; J. B. Pond, of St.

Paul, Minn.; Miss Carlotta |Patti and Max Strakosch are at the Everett House. M. B. Bemus, of Maysville; Benjamin Field, of Albion; Richard Dana, Jr., E. P. Zyveston and M. E. Ingalls, of Boston, and Judge Comstock, of Syra-

cuse, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Alexander Taylor, of Washington; P. A. Canfield, of Paterson; George S. Weston, of Stamford, and W. Pitkin, of Hartford, are at the Coleman House. The following members of the Massachusetts Legislative Committee on Railroads arrived late on Friday night and engaged rooms at the Fifth Ave priday night and engaged rooms at the Fitth At-nue Hotel. The committee is composed of the fol-lowing gentlemen:—Hon. Oliver Warner, Secretary of the State of Massachusetts; Francis A. Hobart, Eilis W. Morton, Charles J. Kettredge, George A.

G. Hills and Colonel J. Morrissey.

Governor J. T. Hoffman, for Albany; Judge decker, for New Haven; Thomas Dickson, for Scrauton; E. B. Judson, for Syracuse; George Peabody Russell, for Albany; Colonel J. Noan, for Nashville Judge Francis, for Troy; Colonel S. Mathews, for Boston; Colonel D. Pitcher, for Washington. Mr. Overbeck, Austrian Consul to China and lady, sailed yesterday on board the steamer Lafayette for

Departures for Europe. The General Transatlantic Company's steamship Lafayette, which sailed yesterday for Brest and Havre, took out the following passengers:-

Lalayette, which sailed yesterday for Brest and Havre, took out the following passengers:—

Mr. James Gordon Bennett, Jr., and servant, Mr. and Mrs. D. Torrance and maid, Muss Torrance, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Heminway, Mr. T. Heminway, Miss Heminway, of New York; Madame is Marquise de Canisy and child, Paris; Mr. Franz Scheppers and two servants. Colonel William F. Molier, Mrs. William Molier and servant, Miss L. Molier, Mrs. William Molier and servant, Miss L. Molier, Mrs. William Molier and servant, Miss L. Molier, Mrs. William C. Beardsley, Misses Kate and Louise Beardsley, Miss Josephine Beardsley, of New York; Miss Eva Day, Colonel Minnie Bey, Mr. and Mrs. Dexter Tiffany, of Boston; Mrs. F. W. Welch, Miss Welch, Boston; Mrs. F. W. Welch, Miss Welch, Boston; Mrs. F. W. Welch, Miss Welch, Roston; Mrs. Bertt, New York; M. I. Hencerson Grant, New York; Mr. and Mrs. George D. Howe and maid, Boston; Mrs. George A. Fellows, New York; Miss Lattlett, Boston; Mr. F. A. Selvor, Mr. and Mrs. Heguelin, New York; Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Britss and child, New York; Mrs. B. W. Davis, Miss Davis, Brooklyn; Mr. Strehler, Mr. C. Blanchin and child, New York; Mrs. F. Dufals, New York; Mrs. B. W. Davis, Miss Davis, Brooklyn; Mr. Strehler, Mr. C. Blanchin and servant; Mrs. S. M. Mysatt, Master A. Mygatt, Master K. Mygatt, Master A. Mygatt, Master K. Mygatt, Waster A. Mygatt, Master K. Mygatt, Master A. Mygatt, Mrs. C. E. Chesterman, New York; Mrs. D. N. Botassi, two children and nurse, New York; Mr. and Mrs. F. Dennot, Miss S. Lyle, Mrs. G. Blanchin and child, Mr. and Mrs. Argus and three children, Mrs. F. Dennot, Miss S. Lyle, Mrs. Moses and child, Miss Kieffer, Mr. Hedeli and son, Mr. L. Radice, Mr. J. P. M. Paul, Mr. C. Currie, Mr. Moullett, Mr. Bourquet, Mrs. Lacompte, Mr. F. Martin, Mr. A. Ringenbach, Mr. E. Mortis, Mrs. M. Tabourette, Mr. E. Mortis, Mrs. Henry and Mrs. Soletble and child, Mr. and Mrs. Afred Chauvet.

Personal Notes.

A correspondent of the Boston Herald sava Colonel elect Braine, of the Ninth regiment, will probably resume his lieutenant colonelcy and allow Jim Fisk to accept the colonelcy. In thatcase the head of the Ninth will have more money than usual, and probably as much Brains.

Butter, Banks, Garfield, Sam Ward and Cox, at Weiker's, the other night, sang "Shoo, Fly," over their wine. Cox, we, suppose, didn't like to, but It is said that 22.

It is said that Mr. Revels never puts his feet upon his desk, or blows his nose without a nandscrehief, or smokes in open session, or squirts tobacco juice upon the new carpets. It takes white gentlemen so do those things. A neice of Senator Revels, determined to be as white as possible, has obtained a divorce in ludian-

General Robert E. Lee and daughter arrived at Savannah, Ga., on Friday night, and are the guests of General Lawton, formerly Quartermaster General of the confederacy. General Lee was serenaded during the evening, but was indisposed and did not respond.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC-FIFTH PHILHARMONIC CONcent.—If any proof were necessary to show that music has its devotees in this city, who will pay their respects at its shrine, rain or shine, the Pullharmonic concert last night would satisfy the most incredulous Thomas. Every seat was occupied, and by a class of people, too, very different from the rank and file of theatre-goers, generally speaking. Beauty, intelligence and fashion graced box, parquet and stall, and throughout the performance there was that earnest attention which bespeaks the appreciative istener. We have already given our full, unhiased opinion of Liszu's Bante Symphony the craziest thing in music that ever emanated from a human brain. It may hast for some time before the public as a curiosity, as a melancholy example of a great intellect at sea without compass or rudder, but all true musicians will repudiate such machine music at once. Pray, Mr. Bergmann, let us have no more of it. Hell is bad enough, according to sacred writings and oppular preachers, but nothing can be more excruciasing to the ear of a musician than this freuzied attempt of Liszt to portray its horrors in music. Mine. Parepa-Ross sang the well known scene and artz. "Ab, perido'r divinely, giving to its interpretation all the treasures of her full, resonant, clear and true voice, and Oart Ross in the first movement of the "Concerto Militaire" of Lipinski. Becthoven's "Corrotanua" overture, which he wrote as an introduction to a tragedy, not an opera, is as unlike the great master as could be imagnied, and the description of it given in the programme did not explain matters any other. But it was a relief after the insane rhapsody of Liszt, for true music can always be instended to, with pleasure. Still we would prefer any other of Eesthoven's works for such an occasion. One proof of its comparative weakness is the fact that an attempt has been made to make it proearnest attention which bespeaks the appreciative be instened to with pleasure. Still we would preter any other of Eecthoven's works for such an occasion. One proof of its comparative weakness is the fact that an attempt has been made to make it programme music e in Bernoz. When Becthoven is immediate the defies analyzation, for he pours forth such a defuge of harmony and melody that the listener is compolled to drink without the possibility of any chemical analysis of his beverage. The overture to "Euryanthe" has always been and will begin favorite of the morers of Weber, and their name is Legion. It is a bright, genial emanation of a cheerful soul, transporting the hearer to the pleasant woods and valleys and presenting a wind picture of pastoral life. The opening and cosing the bearer to the pleasant woods and rethinsian, quickening and fresh as the mountain breeze that sweeps over the vallers. There are exquisite moreaux of 'cello, horn, basson and clarionet coloring, forming interesting interesting the episodes throughout. Then comes a delicious reverie of violins and violas, suggestive in its planissimo manner of the whispering breeze, the puring brook, the waving field of yellow grain. Suddenly we are startled by a jugato movement, which breaks in upon the tenderness and beauty of the scene. The opening of the fugue is rather aimless and unsatisfactory, but it gradually collects strength by concentrating upon its quaint theme all the power of the orchestra, until the hearer experiences a feeling of relief at being brough back to the contemplation of pastoral life. It was, indeed, the geni of last night's concerto. The programme for the next concert, May 7, comprises Schumann's Symphony, No. 2 in C: Gade's Overture to Ossian and Beethoven's fourth Overture to Fidelio.

THE MATINERS YESTERDAY .- The rain spoiled the calculations and expectations of the managers yesterday and left many of them with terribly elim houses at their matinees. The Parepa-Rosa English Opera Company bade farewell to the Academy of Music in "The Bohemian Girl." Daly presented "Frou-Prou" at the Fifth Avenue for the fity-first "Frou-Frou" at the Fifth Avenue for the firty-first time, the last matinee of "Lost at Sea" was given at Wahack's, Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams made their adieus to Niblo's, the fifty-seventh representation of the "Twelve Temptations" was given at the Grand Opera House, George Fox's fifteenth "Hamlet" matinee at the Olympic was a success, "The White Cat," the latest burlesque sensation, was given at Wood's Museum, the Bowery indulged in "The Maniac Lover" and "Mose," Miss Maria Brainerd, Mrs. Jenny Kempton and Mesars. Thatcher, Contener, Beames and Mora united in giving one of the best afternoon concerts we have heard, at Association Hall, and the Comique, Tony Pastor's, Apollo Hall and Hooley's, Breekys, presented attractive matinee bills.

AN UNHOLY ALLIANCE.

Dark Doings at Delmonico's-Greeley, Morrissey and the Young Democracy-"H. G." as Governor.

The young (and foolish) democracy still lives. Sam Tildeb says it will yet rise, "like a Fenian from its ashes." There were dark doings at Deimonico's on the night of Friday last, Horace Greeley and the Hoa. John Morrissey and a few others of the same kidney-"as roystering a set of blades as ever heard the chimes at midnight"—being then and there as-sembled for the purpose of incubating as dire a piot as was ever hatched by witches on Walpurgis.

As Vanderbilt tempted the then guileless Fisk in re Erie, so the Mephistophelian Morrissey tempted the philosophic Greatey. Poor Horace ! His better nature prompted him to exclaim, "Get thee behind me, Satan!" but alas! the flesh is weak, and to i the angels who weep for politicians are to-day mourning another lost soul. Yes, the damning compact was signed, sealed and delivered, and the public are now invited to read, mark, learn and inwardly digest if they can.

THE TEMPTATION.

Horace Greeley to be the republican nominee for Governor next fall, and to have the influence of the

young democracy. THE TERMS.

His prospective Excellency, Governor Greeley, is to turn a political somersault to-morrow, to nop over his sheet, and pitch into the new Charter in the most furious fashion, so as to frighten republican Senators from voting for it.

If necessary, H. G. is to go to Albany next week

and lobby in aid of Morrissey.

Genet and Morrissey's terms are the retention of the present Board of Aldermen; and if that were ded it is extremely probable that they would not hesitate to throw Greeley and the republicans

over and essay paddling their own cance. ABOVE TEMPTATION. Tweed and Sweedy, it is reported, have indignantly rejected a similar proposition from Genet and Morrissey to that to which Mr. Greeley has succumbed, and declare that "come weal, come woe."

WE SHALL SEE WHAT WE SHALL SEE Morrissey and Genet are now confident that with Greeley's assistance they can frighten the republicans from voting for the Charter, and that no charter can be passed which is not satisfactory to

UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

Republican Opposition to the Charter-A Deputation of "Union Leagueiste" to go to Albany.

A special meeting of the Union League Club was seld last night in the theatre for the purpose of considering the charter now before the Senate of the State Legislature. The meeting was called for eight o'clock, and by that time, considering the storm that was prevailing, there was a large attendance of members. The usual "close corporation" polley of this club was manifested toward the members of the press, and they were told that they could not be admitted to the meeting, but that if they would wait until its close the Secretary would give them a copy of the resolutions for publication. The reporters were asked to accept the accommodation of the reception room, and the courtesy of the Chairman of the House Committee to the press was that of a liberal minded gentleman. The managing editor of the Tribune, who was present as a member of the club, assured the reporters, before the meeting commenced, that two of his own reporters had been sent away, and that the rules of the club as to the report of the meeting would have to be observed. As this assurance appeared to be made in good faith it is only charitable to presume that a "Bohemian" who, at the close of the meeting, came down the broad staircase with the gentlemen who had formed the meeting and who was present during the entire proceeding was not retained by the Tribune, sithough he stated he was to supply that journal with a report. The secretary and members of the House Committee, when they discovered this violation of their confidence, appeared very indignant, and said some hard things about the Tribune, and if the indignation was real it might go further than hard words, and lead to an entire reformation of the worn out, feeble policy of this club towards the press.

The meeting was presided over byfMr. Schultz, and policy of this club was manifested toward the mem-

press.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Schultz, and a committee appointed at the March meeting reported the following resolutions, which were adopted:—

adopted:—
Resolved, That a committee of fifteen, with power to fill vacancies and to increase its number, be appointed to proceed to Albany and represent to the republican members of the Legislainre that we protest emphatically against the passage of the charter now before the Senate, unless it is essentially amended, and particularly in the following respects:—
First—By incorporating with the clause retaining existing laws a clause repealing the sectarian school appropriation contained in last year's tax levy. (Section 10, chapter 576, Laws of 1889.)
Second—By abolishing the distinction between the city and county governments and by abolishing the Board of Suneryi.

county governments and by abolishing the Board of Supervisors as now existing.

Third—By preserving the Central Park Commission as cow constituted and with its present powers.

- Fourth—By limiting the term of odice of all appointees of the Mayor to the term of odice for which he shall himself be exceeded. elected.

Fight-By allowing a removal of members of the Police and Fire Departments only after charges publicly preferred and Figure By allowing a removal of members of the Police and Fire Departments cally after charges publicly preferred and examined into.

Sight—By providing that no voter shall vote for more than ten of the office adderman.

Stath—By abolishing the fers of all city officers, including the Chamberiam, whether the same are drawn from the State or city treasury or from individuals.

Eighth—By requiring the Counsel to the Corporation to be appointed by the Mayor, like other heads of departments.

Ninth—By untiling the Department of Docks and that of Public Works under one board of commissioners.

Touth—By providing that no person shall hold more than one office under the city government, and that any person accepting a position in the Legislature or under the State or national government shall vacate his city office.

Eleventh—By providing that the term of office of the present Mayor shall be elected in May; all the appointments provided to be made by the Mayor to made by the new Mayor.

The Ith—That all provisions allowing secret meetings of the Common Council be struck out.

Thirteenth—By all provisions allowing secret meetings of the Common Council be struck out.

Thirteenth—By all mitting the power of the Commission or otherwise.

Fourteenth—By limiting the power of the Commission or

therwise.

By limiting the power of the Comptroller to suit and pay claims against the city.

"I therein—By providing in the same act or in another one to the first emacked, for securing fair election and honest countries that emacked, for securing fair election and honest countries.

The following were appointed a committee:
The following were appointed a committee:
Horace Greeley, Charles J. Folger, George Opdyke,
John A. Weeks, Legrand B. Caunon, William Lambier, Jr., W. H. Bridgman, William A. Dowling,
Joshua R. Varum, Jr., William Cullen Bryant, W.
E. Dodge, Issac H. Balley, James H. Tyson,
Sungar Tousey, Samuel J. Glassing.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE TARMANY DEMONSTRATION.

In consequence of the inclemency of the weather last evening the mass meeting announced to be held at the junction of East Broadway and Grand street has been postponed until Saturday evening hext. A mass neeting of the democracy of the Thirteenth ward will be held in Clinton Garden, Chuton street, to-morrow evening for the purpose of endorsing the course pursued by Senator William M. Tweed. Marshal Tooker is chairman of the committee of arrangements, and Mayor Hall, Senator Tweed and other prominent men will be among the speakers.

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE IN HISBOKEN.

About five o'clock yesterday afternoon a man tents of an old horse pistol at the foot of First street. It appears that the deceased was in til health for a long time, and was unable to earn a livelihood. He spent some time in a Brooklyn hospital, whence he came to Hoboken in February, and took up his abode at No. 25 First street. He left each day in search of employment, and failing to find any, felt into a state of melancholy. He afterwards seemed indifferent to his late, and frequently sang in his boarding house. Yesterday he borrowed a large pistol from the proprietor, assuring him that he wanted to shoot bipds. He was suorequently observed roaming through First street, and he then walked among a pile of old timoer, where he presented the pistol to his head and fired. The contents swept the entire skull away from the neck, and the dead man appeared so hideous that hardly any person could look at him. Officer Gupbins arrived and took charge of the body. An inquest was held by Coroner Crane, when it was found that Dail was unmarried, thirty-five years of age and a native of France. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. It appears that the deceased was in ill health for a

SUICIDE IN BROOKLYN.

James Brennan, thirty-five years of age, commited suicide last night by hanging himself to the door of a cell at the Forty-third precinct station house. The unfortunate man was arrested about six o'clock last night for intoxication. He appeared to be quiet, and the doorman supposed he would go to sleep. In looking into his cell at ten o'clock the doorman was somewhat startled to find him hanging to the cell door by a strap. His body was immediately cut down, but life had been extinct for some time.

The anniversary of Thomas Jefferson's birthday was celebrated at New Rochelle last night. Addresses eulogistic of the great statesman's character and principles were delivered, and letters were read from a large number of prominent men in various parts of the country expressing regret at their ina-bility to attend the collebration.

BLOSSOM CLUB BLOOMING.

"Big Six's" Birthday-Presentation of a Cane to Senator Tweed-A Rod in Pickle for the Tuscaroras, but Obscured by the Smoke from the Pipe of Peace.

Senator William M. Tweed was the recipient last

vening at the Blossom Clab, Fifth avenue, of a testimonial from his admirers on this, his birthday, of a handsome malacca gold mounted cane, on which his Irlends, for signal services in preserving the city rights, 1870." The presentation was made by General Henry A. Barnum, who, siter being introduced to the assemblage by Mr. Owen Brennan, president of the club, made a very culogistic, feeling speech, in which he said that this slight and unexpected present had been made to the honored recipient by his sincere personal triends, as a testimonial of the esteem which his fearless course of integrity had won. He said that friendship in its highest sense was an epic poem, and history had shown in such an example as that of Damon and Pythias, the high esteem in which this virtue has been held. Office, power, wealth, he said, tue has been held. Office, power, wealth, he said, brought troops of so-called friends. Prosperity is a sunshine in which the inuititude love to bask. But there came epochs when only the true stand fast. You, sir, have passed through such an epoch. A few weeks ago crowds were your friends, but there came a time when it seemed as if the sceptre of power was about to pass sway. It was then that men "bowed the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift might follow fawning," But you found your Windicester and, like General Sheridan, drove them into ignominious retreat, and now is the occasion when your true friends are prouder of you still. You have stamped your name on the atmars of the age and as the champion of chartered rights you have been most conspicuous. Your birthday is near at Band and we hope the sun of your assefulness has not reached its meridian, for we are assured there is saik a bright future full of hope and promise. Providence has constituted yon, by your qualities of heart and head, a leader among men, and the present occasion is not a question of politics, or I would not be here to address William M. Tweed. You are a public benefactor and you see around you men who are always ready to serve you at a personal sacrifice or personal danger, and to whom your will is law. General Barlow made the presentation, and Mr. Tweed then atoes, and, in a woice broken with emorion, said in substance that words could not express his feetings on the occasion. He felt the more for this expression of lealty and friendship as he had just passed through a period when he almost feit disgusted with humanity. A period in which he had been insulted and degraded by those be had raised from poverty to affluence, men whom his fostering hand had belped to their present positions had traduced their cenefactor. Hut now in this moment of victory he leit no animosity, no regrets. He felt for the erring. The present reception in a measure compensated him for the trials of the past, full of the otterness of ungratefulness. A man's b brought troops of so-called friends. Prosperity is a sunshine in which the multitude love to bask.

But there's many a silp 'twirt cup and sip, And Manton fell ero be took bis grip, And now Bill Tweed has him on the hip, Along with the Tuscaroras.

Alog with the Tusaroras.

Chorus—Smoky, jokey, askey craw,
Tweed has knocked them all asskew
And now they number but a few—
Goodby to the Tusarorasi

The assembly then adjourned to the supper room,
where the president, Mr. Brennan, and the secretary,
James McGowan, had propared a bounteous feast,
at which were given many of the toasts
at which were given many of the toasts
peculiar to such affairs. Among the many prominent citizens present were Assemblymen Burns,
Murphy and Campbell, Judge Barnard, Charles
H. Hail, Mr. Henry Smith, Supervisor Roche,
Judge Shandley, Isaac Bell, James B. Nicholson,
Jumes L. Miller, Charies G. Corneil, John McB. Davidson, Judge Birdsail, Captain of the Port James E.
Jones, Harbor Master John Brice and Supervisor
Civer. Mr. Tweed retired at eleven; taking with
him a wreath on which was inscribed:—
In life's campaige you nobly hear the brunt;

In life's campaign you nobly bear the brunt; And so your friends, with all their usual wont, Cry "Solid men, burrab! and to the front!"

THAT SUPERVISORSHIP

Vigorous Oratorical Tilt Upon the Election of Supervisors-The Votes for Smith Alleged to Have Been Void, and Foley's Claims to the Office.

The great contest for the Supervisorship, about which so much active skirmishing has been displayed, was energetiacily resumed yesterday in the Supreme Court Chambers, Judge Ingra-ham presiding. There was a large attendance of metropolitan notables, and the proceedings were listened to with great interest. Mr. John Foley, one of the candidates last fall for Supervisor of this city. claims to have been honestly elected by a large majority of votes. After considerable litigation in various phases the case came up yesterday, upon an application for a peremptory mandamus to the Mayor of New York, commanding him to appoint Mayor of New York, commanding him to appoint Mr. Foley a supervisor of the county. Mr. Bartlett (with whom were Messrs. J. H. Shehan and R. Hatch, on behalf of the relator, contended, in an argament of length, that the person having the highest number of votes should be declared ejected by the Board of County Canvassers, and that the Mayor should appoint as Supervisor the person having the next highest number of votes. The County Canvassers returned that the whole number of votes for the office of Supervisor were 113.405, of which Walter Roche received 63,600, Henry Smith 34.503, John Koeey 11.330, Jacob Cohen 3,683. Walter Roche was declared elected. Counsel submitted that at the time of election Henry Smith was holding the office of Folice Commissioner, and the act of April 27, 1865, provided that all votes cast at any election for any person holding the office of Folice Commissioner, and the act of April 27, 1865, provided that all votes cast at any election for any person holding the office of Folice Commissioner shall be void. All the votes for Henry Smith were, therefore, void, and all the votes being void it clearly followed that John Foley, having the next highest number of votes to those for Walter Roche, was legally entitled to be appointed Supervisor by the Mayor, on or before the fourth Wednesday of December, 1869. Counsel then proceeded to show what was the true and proper remedy, the Mayor having refused to appoint Mr. Foley, Henry Smith, the counsel for their argued, had not the nighest number of votes. He had, it was true, according to the count, a large number of votes, but all those votes being void they were no votes. One legal vote would outweigh a million void votes. What would the right of suffrage be worth if the doctrine were once to be judicially established that legal votes could be overcome by void votes? Its effect would be to disfranchise all the law ful voters of the State, a doctrine more hateful, more fatait of hierty, could not be proponded; and as the votes for Smith were void Mr. Foley a supervisor of the county. Mr. Bartlett (with whom were Messrs. J. H. Shehan and S.

an act to establish arbitrary exclusion from office or any general regulations regarding qualifications which the State constitution did not require.

Mr Bartlett replied, stating that the main question before this Court was whether that which wastoid could be a foundation. This was a most important case, and he hoped that by this decision of the Court the rights of the people, which Mr. Foley in this contest represented, would be established. He asked that the temporary suspension from Jife of the people of the city of New York would be ended now, and that the voice of the people which was silenced by unlawful acts would be permitted to be heard within the walls of their own courthouse. It was established beyond all precedent that a supervisor could not hold his office and be a Police Commissioner at the same time. Having summed up his

PERILS OF NE PERIOD Dastardly Outrage On a Young Girl-All the Parties Arrea'ed.

Captain Jourdan's officers ra ort that at ten o'clock Friday morning Bitza McKa'nzie, aged sevo'clock Friday morning Bitza afcKanzie, aged sevence years, of No. 117 Bushwick avenue, Williamsburg, came to this city in search of a domestic's situation. In from of No. 9 Pell street side met an unknown girl, and stating her business in the city requested assistance. The girl to whom she applied informed her that a woman on the fourth floor of No. 9 Pell street required a girl, and volunteered to show her up. Arriving at the room indicated, a woman mamed fla Campbell tored her into a bedroom and hed her while a rufflan manned James Campbell to hobed her of her madenly reputation. The unfortunate girl yesterday escaped from the clatches of the vite wretches and reported the facts to the station house in Franklin street. Officers were sent out and all the offenders were last evening arrested and locked up to answer.

THE COLLIERY ACCIDENT AT SHENANDOAR CITY.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1, 1870. TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD: Your paper of the 30th March contains the same erroneous ascount of the accident which occurred at my celliery, near Shenandoah City, as was published in some other papers, and a severe criticism upon the rope in use there. The sad accident by which for one in lost their lives was not occanoned by the breaking of the rope, but by the men—sex in number—after naving entered a bucket to ascendine shaft giving the signal to be hotsted up before they had sundiently steaded the bucket to prevent it from turning round. Two men only reached the top in safety, the other four having dropped off from dizuness and unmonfeed by their commades. These are the facts as elicited at a Coroner's inquest from the two surviving withcases. The rope in use at my colliery for hotsting and lowering the men's a skeel rope, comparatively new, tested to a strain of 10,000 pounds, and the breaking strain or which is nearly 15,000 pounds. By giving this correction an insertion in your paper you will much obige, yours reaved-tuily.

THE LIVINGSTON MAMOR EXTATE. at my celliery, near Shenandoah City, as was pub-

THE LIVINGSTON MANOR ESTATE.

At the auction sale of the remnant of the Livingston Manor estate in this county, comprising about 2,000 acres of farming and road lands in the town of Taghanic, made yesterday by Thomas Lawrence, referee, and Gideon J. Tucker, of New York, attorney for the petition, eleven parcels were sold, bringing in the aggregate \$19,175. The botaince will be said on the 12th of next July. The lots sold were mostly bought by the present tenants.

FOLEY .- On Saturday night, April 2, CATHARINE FOLEY, aged is year, and ingut, April 2, Cathanine-FOLEY, aged is year, the friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 80 Henry street, on Monday after-noon, at two o'ulock. The remains whi be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment. [For Other Deaths See Fourth Page.]

(For Other Douths See Fourth Page.)

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The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where a powerful and slegantly mounted Opera Glass of French manufacture is sold for \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where boastifully carred Mearschaum Pipes and Cigar Holders, with samber tips and decorated stams, are sold for \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where full sets of sold for \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where one of a large assortment of Steel Engravings, in oval and square black wainut frames, with glass, is sold for \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where one of a large and elegant assortment of French Chromos, in waitest frames and varied sizes, is sold for \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where Ladies' fine ton tuck Skiris, beautiful sewed, of full length and width and of the best material, are sold or \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 656 Broadway, where six fine Damask Towers, large size, pure Irish linen, with fringed ends, are sold for \$1.

The Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, where twelve Damask Napkins, large size, handsome patterns and pure Irish Linen are sold for \$1.

First claw Goods only are sold at the Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, Where twelve Damask Napkins, large size, handsome patterns and pure Irish Linen are sold or \$1.

First claw Goods only are sold at the Original Dollar Store, 657 Broadway, New York.

The proprietors of this stupendows and wonderful Dollar The proprietors of this stupendows and wonderful Dollar.

opposite Bond street, Frontier and wonderful Dollar Store amounce to the public that the five competitors and imitators of their business that were on Broadway have withdrawn and they now stand alone, as they did in the be-

there is no imitation for the genuine—none but the gen tipe can imitate itself.

A .- Herring's Patent CHAMPION SAPES.

251 Broadway, corner Murre At Gold Prices.—The Largest Assertment in the city of Boots and Shres for Ladies, dautieness and Chil-dren, at E. A. BROOKS. This is the largest house in the city, 675 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel. Soiled Shoes half price.

A .- For Black Worms and Pimples on the face use FERRY'S COMEDONE AND PIMPLE REMEDY. Sold by all druggists. Depot 49 Ecod street. A.-Don't Fail to Procure One of Those beautiful new spring style of Gents' Hats, now ready a UNDERHILL'S, 134 and 136 Fulton street.

Batchelor's Hair Dye-The Best in the world. The only perfect dye, harmiess, reliable, instanta-neous. Factory 16 Bond street.

Espenscheld's Spring Style of Gentlemen's data.—For fineness of materials, elegance of finish and dura cility they cannot be surpassed. Try them, at 118 Nassau st Furniture, at reduced prices, at reduced prices, at F. K.RUTINA'S

AND MANUfactory and Warercome, No. 96 and 28 East Houston street, between Bowery and Second arouse between Bowery and Second arouse the street of the street of

Gentlemen's Seni Rings FOR SALE LOW, BY GEORGE C. ALLEN, manufacturer, wholesals and retall, 415 Broadway, one door below Canal atreet.

Iron Crestings for French Roots of Twenty-two different patterns, unequalled in beauty of design; specimen sheets sent on application. Iron Fronts and every description of from Work for buildings.

J. L. JACKSON & BRO., Iron Works,
Twenty-sighth street, Second arenue and Twenty-ninib street, New York.

Meeting in Support of the Ceutral Park Commissioners.—The preliminary meeting of clitzens and property owners in support of the Park Commissioners, and in opposition to the measures pending at Albany to displace them, held to-day at the real estate sales-room, No. 11 Broadway, was adjourned uit MONDAY, 4th inst, at one o'clock, at the same place.

The meeting was held at the call of MESSRS. A. T. STEWART, MAJ. GEN. JOHN A. DIX, MM. T. BLODGETT, MAJ. GEN. JOHN A. DIX, MM. T. BLODGETT, MAJ. GEN. JOHN JACOB ASTOR, COURTLANDT PALMER, WILLIAM E. DODGE, A. A. LOW.

WM. M. RARTIN, PARAN STEVENS, DANIEL F. TIEMANN, E. DWARD H. LUDLOW, CYROS GLARK, GENGGE OPDYRE, WM. A. WHITBECK, WM. H. RAYNOR, E. U. MORGAN, GRIFFITH ROWE, A. MORGAN, GRIFFITH ROWE, MILLIAM BLOODGOOD, THOMAS A. DAVIES, And many others.

It is announced that the new charter will be acted on in the Senate on Tuesday, and a full and punctual attendance is requested.

Offices for Bankers, Lucurance Companies and lawyers, fitted with every convenience; the best lighted apartments in the city; 2t Park row, opposite new Post Office and Astor House. Owner will be in attendance from I to 2 o'clock daily.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes Paid in Gold. Information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doublooms and all kinds of Gold and Silver. TAYLOR & CO., Backers, 16 Wall street, N. T.

Song of Thousands of New York Ludies.
To the Proprietors of "The Original Dollar Store,"
est Broadway, opposite Bond street,
Yes, just pride may well be sparking on your brows and in Bright as wreaths that are approved of by the morit loving For we know your sales are honest.—Use and Beauty to your

Store,

Ever at a single dollar, and what could we ask for more?

O, such articles by kundreds! O, the courtsay that prevails, tients as perfect music, always at your myrind sales!

Yes, two years of operation, so successful over all,

Proves the column of your triumph reared up, never more to Proves the column of your triumph reason, to lose, int.
That so many Imitators of you have but aped, to lose, is no wonder-the original chose and still the wise will choose.
Then, in your great, wondrous business, managed with such honest skill,

bonest skill,
For this wealthy Empire City you must here continue still.
So we sing, and men, youths, children, who in crowds have
also bought
Goods that only cost one dollar, with such strength, tasts,
beauty wrought.
Join us gladly; they, too, ringing in the chorus o'er and
o'er. Join us gladly; they, too, ringing in the chorus o'er and o'er—

"Often will we seek the spiendors in the Original Dollar Store,
Where the stock is larger, finer now, even, than it was before."

Thank you, ladies. It is still at 657 Broadway, opposite Bond street. We still have beautiful steel plate Engravings of the marriage of Pocahoutas for \$1, the regular price of which was \$7.

Stenme Kiro and Burglar Proof Safes.
The best in the work.
300 Broadway.

When You Desire a Wylish and I